

Unisa time table for 1st semester 2014 Online PDF

unisa time table for 1st semester 2014 is an essential resource for students enrolled at the University of South Africa (Unisa) during the academic year 2014. A well-structured timetable helps students plan their study schedules effectively, ensuring they meet examination deadlines and manage their coursework efficiently. Whether you're a new student or returning for another semester, understanding the Unisa timetable for the first semester of 2014 is crucial for academic success. This article provides a comprehensive overview of the Unisa timetable for 1st semester 2014, including key dates, how to access the timetable, and tips for making the most of it.

Understanding the Unisa 1st Semester 2014 Timetable

What is the Unisa 1st Semester 2014 Timetable?

The Unisa timetable for the first semester of 2014 is a detailed schedule that outlines important academic dates such as registration periods, semester start and end dates, examination schedules, and other key deadlines. It serves as a roadmap for students to navigate their academic activities throughout the semester.

Why is the timetable important?

Having access to the timetable allows students to:

- Plan their study schedules effectively
- Ensure timely submission of assignments
- Avoid last-minute exam stress
- Coordinate with study groups and tutors
- Meet all academic deadlines

Key Dates in the Unisa 1st Semester 2014 Timetable

Registration Periods

Registration is the first step for students beginning their semester. For 2014, the registration period typically spanned from early January to mid-February. It is essential to register within the specified window to avoid late registration penalties.

Semester Start and End Dates

- **Start Date:** Usually in late February or early March 2014.
- **End Date:** The semester typically concludes in June or early July 2014.

Examination Periods

Unisa's examination schedule for the first semester generally runs from late June to mid-July 2014. Final exams are scheduled over several weeks, with specific dates allocated to different faculties and courses.

Important Deadlines

- Submission of continuous assessment assignments
- Application for supplementary exams
- Registration for supplementary exams
- Release of examination results

Accessing the Unisa 1st Semester 2014 Timetable

Official Unisa Website

The primary source for the timetable is the official Unisa website. Students can navigate to the 'Academic Calendar' or 'Examination Timetable' sections for detailed schedules.

Student Portals and MyUnisa

Students registered with Unisa have access to the MyUnisa portal, where personalized timetables, notifications, and updates are available. This portal is crucial for checking specific exam dates and deadlines relevant to individual courses.

Printed and Digital Copies

Unisa often provides printed copies of the timetable during registration or via email. Digital versions are also available for download in PDF format, making it easy to access and print.

How to Make the Most of the 2014 Semester Timetable

Plan Your Study Schedule

Use the timetable to create a study plan that allocates sufficient time for each course, especially around exam dates. Prioritize courses with upcoming assessments.

Track Important Deadlines

Mark registration deadlines, assignment submissions, and examination dates in your personal calendar to stay organized.

Prepare for Examinations Early

Start revision well ahead of the exam period. Use the timetable to identify when specific exams are scheduled and plan your revision accordingly.

Stay Updated with Changes

Unisa may update the timetable due to unforeseen circumstances. Regularly check the official website or MyUnisa portal for any announcements or modifications.

Additional Tips for Students Using the Unisa Timetable

- **Stay Disciplined:** Stick to your planned schedule to avoid last-minute stress.
- **Balance Study and Rest:** Incorporate breaks and leisure activities to maintain mental health.
- **Utilize Support Resources:** Attend tutorial sessions, join study groups, and consult lecturers when needed.
- **Keep Backup Copies:** Save digital copies of the timetable and important dates in multiple locations.

Conclusion

The **unisa time table for 1st semester 2014** is a vital resource that guides students through their academic journey during the semester. By understanding the key dates, accessing official schedules, and planning accordingly, students can maximize their academic performance and reduce stress. Remember, timely preparation and staying informed are the keys to a successful semester. Always refer to the official Unisa platforms for the most accurate and updated information, and make the most of the timetable to achieve your academic goals in 2014.

UNISA Time Table for 1st Semester 2014: A Comprehensive Guide

Navigating the academic schedule for the University of South Africa (UNISA) can be a daunting task, especially for students preparing for their 1st semester in 2014. An accurate and

well-understood timetable is crucial for effective study planning, timely submission of assignments, and overall academic success. In this detailed review, we will explore every aspect of the UNISA Time Table for the 1st semester of 2014, providing students with essential insights to help them stay organized and ahead of their academic commitments.

Understanding the Importance of the UNISA 1st Semester 2014 Time Table

The timetable serves as a roadmap for students, outlining key dates and deadlines. It ensures students are aware of:

- Commencement and closing dates for registration
- Beginning and end of lectures
- Assignment submission deadlines
- Examination schedules
- Supplementary and deferred exams

Having this information at your fingertips allows for better workload management and reduces last-minute stress.

Key Features of the 2014 1st Semester UNISA Time Table

The timetable for the 1st semester of 2014 includes several core elements:

1. Registration Period

- Usually starts in early January and closes in late February.
- Critical for new and returning students to secure their place for the semester.
- Late registration may incur additional fees or penalties.

2. Lecture Period

- Typically spans from late February to mid-June.
- Courses are scheduled based on the modules students enroll in.
- Includes scheduled tutorials, if applicable.

3. Assignment Deadlines

- Distributed throughout the semester.
- Usually due at specific dates, often coinciding with mid-term and end-term periods.
- Important for students to plan ahead to avoid penalties.

4. Examination Schedule

- Usually scheduled from late June to mid-July.
- Examinations are conducted at designated centers.
- Students are advised to verify their specific exam dates and venues.

5. Results Publication

- Results are generally released within a few weeks post-exams.
- Students can access results online through the UNISA student portal.

Detailed Breakdown of the 1st Semester 2014 UNISA Timetable

While the specific dates may vary based on individual courses, the overall schedule follows a consistent pattern. Here is a comprehensive timeline:

Registration Period

- Start Date: Early January 2014
- End Date: February 2014 (exact dates may vary)
- Notes: Students are encouraged to register early to avoid last-minute issues.

Commencement of Lectures

- Start Date: Late February 2014
- Duration: Approximately 16 weeks
- Considerations: Some courses may have specific start dates; always check your module registration details.

Assignment Submission Deadlines

- Mid-term Assignments: Due around April

- Final Assignments: Due approximately in May
- Note: Each module has its own deadlines; students should consult the course materials or module guides for specific dates.

Mid-Semester Break / Review Period

- Usually occurs in June, providing students time to review material and prepare for exams.

Examination Period

- Start Date: Late June
- End Date: Mid-July
- Notes: Exams are scheduled by the UNISA Examination Department; students should check their individual exam timetables.

Results and Reassessment

- Results are typically published within 3-4 weeks after exams end.
- Students can request supplementary exams if needed, usually scheduled shortly after the main exam period.

Accessing the UNISA 2014 1st Semester Timetable

Students can access the detailed timetable via several channels:

- UNISA Official Website: The university's portal contains downloadable PDF versions of the timetable, updated with any changes.
- Student Portal: Registered students can log in and view personalized schedules and notifications.
- Email Notifications: UNISA often sends reminders and updates to students' registered email addresses.
- Academic Advisors: For personalized guidance regarding specific modules and deadlines.

How to Use the UNISA Time Table Effectively

Effective utilization of the timetable can significantly enhance academic performance. Here are some tips:

- Create a Personal Calendar: Mark all important dates, including registration, assignment deadlines, and exams.
- Plan Study Sessions: Allocate time for each module based on the timetable and personal pace.
- Prioritize Deadlines: Focus on upcoming submissions to avoid penalties.
- Regularly Check for Updates: Timetables can sometimes change; stay informed through official channels.
- Prepare in Advance: Don't wait until the last minute?start revision early and organize study groups if possible.

Challenges and Common Concerns About the 2014 Timetable

While the timetable is designed to facilitate smooth academic operations, some issues students might face include:

- Overlapping Dates: Some assignments or exams may clash; students should communicate with module coordinators promptly.
- Late Updates: Occasionally, timetable changes occur late; staying vigilant is essential.
- Venue Confusion: Verify exam venues early to avoid last-minute surprises.
- Technical Difficulties: Accessing online schedules may be hindered by connectivity issues; ensure proper login credentials.

Additional Tips for 1st Semester 2014 Students

- Early Registration: Secure your spot well before registration closes.
- Stay Informed: Follow UNISA's official social media channels for announcements.
- Utilize Resources: Take advantage of tutorial sessions, online forums, and study guides provided by UNISA.
- Balance Work and Study: If working, plan your schedule to accommodate study time around your commitments.
- Seek Support: Reach out to academic advisors or student support services if facing difficulties.

Conclusion

The UNISA Time Table for 1st Semester 2014 is a vital tool for every student aiming for a successful academic year. By understanding its structure, key dates, and how to effectively leverage it, students can better organize their study schedules, meet deadlines, and reduce stress. Remember, staying proactive and informed is the key to maximizing your learning experience at UNISA during the 2014 semester. Always keep track of official updates and communicate with university support staff whenever necessary to ensure a smooth academic journey.

Whether you're a first-time student or returning, mastery of the timetable will set the foundation for a productive semester. Prepare early, stay disciplined, and make the most of your educational opportunities at UNISA.

Question Where can I find the Unisa timetable for 1st semester 2014? You can access the Unisa 1st semester 2014 timetable on the official Unisa website under the 'Examinations' or 'Student Portal' sections. **What are the key dates for the Unisa 1st semester 2014 exams?** The key dates for the 2014 1st semester exams are typically listed in the official timetable, including exam start and end dates, which can be found on the Unisa website or student portal. **How do I download the 2014 Unisa 1st semester timetable?** You can download the timetable by visiting the official Unisa website, navigating to the 'Examinations' section, and selecting the 2014 1st semester timetable PDF link. **Are the Unisa 1st semester 2014 exam dates different for various faculties?** Yes, exam dates may vary across different faculties and programs. The timetable provides specific schedules for each faculty and course. **Can I access the Unisa 2014 1st semester timetable on mobile devices?** Yes, the timetable is available in PDF format, which can be viewed on smartphones and tablets through compatible PDF readers. **What should I do if I find discrepancies in the 2014 Unisa timetable?** If you notice any discrepancies, contact Unisa's student support or examinations office promptly for clarification and guidance. **Is the 2014 Unisa 1st semester timetable still accessible online?** While the timetable from 2014 may still be available on the Unisa website or archives, it is recommended to verify with official sources for the most accurate information.

Related keywords: UNISA timetable, UNISA semester schedule, UNISA exam timetable, UNISA academic calendar 2014, UNISA 1st semester dates, UNISA exam dates 2014, UNISA timetable download, UNISA class schedule, UNISA exam timetable 2014, UNISA university timetable

PAY PERIODS FOR POST OFFICE FOR 2014

Pay Periods for Post Office for 2014

Pay periods for post office for 2014 refer to the scheduled intervals during which postal employees received their wages and salaries. Understanding the pay periods is essential for employees to manage their finances, plan their budgets, and ensure timely receipt of their earnings. The United States Postal Service (USPS) operates on a structured pay schedule that aligns with federal guidelines, but there are specific nuances and variations based on employment status and location. This comprehensive guide aims to provide postal workers, applicants, and interested parties a detailed overview of the pay period structure for the year 2014, including key dates, pay cycle types, and relevant considerations.

Understanding USPS Pay Periods in 2014

What Are Pay Periods?

Pay periods are the regular intervals at which employees are compensated for their work. For postal employees, these periods typically follow a consistent schedule, ensuring predictability and compliance with federal and USPS regulations.

Why Are Pay Periods Important?

- Financial Planning: Employees can budget and plan expenses around predictable paychecks.
- Payroll Processing: USPS processes payroll efficiently, adhering to set schedules.
- Legal Compliance: Ensures timely payment aligned with federal employment laws.
- Record-Keeping: Helps maintain accurate employment and payroll records.

Typical USPS Pay Period Structure in 2014

Bi-Weekly Pay Schedule

Most USPS employees are paid on a bi-weekly basis, meaning they receive their paycheck every two weeks. In 2014, the USPS continued this tradition, which involves 26 pay periods over the year.

Pay Period Duration

Each pay period generally covers a 14-day span. The specific dates can vary slightly depending on the calendar year, but for 2014, the schedule was consistent throughout.

Pay Period Dates for 2014

Below is an outline of the typical pay periods for 2014:

- 1st Pay Period: December 29, 2013 ? January 11, 2014
- 2nd Pay Period: January 12 ? January 25
- 3rd Pay Period: January 26 ? February 8
- 4th Pay Period: February 9 ? February 22
- 5th Pay Period: February 23 ? March 8
- 6th Pay Period: March 9 ? March 22
- 7th Pay Period: March 23 ? April 5
- 8th Pay Period: April 6 ? April 19

- 9th Pay Period: April 20 ? May 3
- 10th Pay Period: May 4 ? May 17
- 11th Pay Period: May 18 ? May 31
- 12th Pay Period: June 1 ? June 14
- 13th Pay Period: June 15 ? June 28
- 14th Pay Period: June 29 ? July 12
- 15th Pay Period: July 13 ? July 26
- 16th Pay Period: July 27 ? August 9
- 17th Pay Period: August 10 ? August 23
- 18th Pay Period: August 24 ? September 6
- 19th Pay Period: September 7 ? September 20
- 20th Pay Period: September 21 ? October 4
- 21st Pay Period: October 5 ? October 18
- 22nd Pay Period: October 19 ? November 1
- 23rd Pay Period: November 2 ? November 15
- 24th Pay Period: November 16 ? November 29
- 25th Pay Period: November 30 ? December 13
- 26th Pay Period: December 14 ? December 27

Note: Paychecks are typically issued shortly after the end of each pay period, often on the Friday following the conclusion of the period.

Paydays for USPS Employees in 2014

Standard Pay Dates

In 2014, USPS employees received their paychecks on Fridays, aligning with the end of each bi-weekly pay period. The pay dates generally fell on:

- The Friday immediately following the pay period's end date.
- Occasionally, if a holiday fell on a Friday, the payment date shifted to the preceding or following business day.

Important Considerations

- **Holiday Pay:** If a scheduled payday coincided with a federal holiday, payment was typically processed on the preceding business day.
- **Direct Deposit:** Most employees received their pay via direct deposit, ensuring timely access to funds.

- Paper Checks: Some employees still used paper checks, which could be mailed or picked up from payroll offices.

Special Circumstances and Adjustments in 2014

Pay Period Changes Due to Holidays

While USPS maintains a consistent schedule, certain holidays like New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, and Christmas can influence pay schedules. In 2014:

- New Year's Day: Since January 1, 2014, was a Wednesday, paychecks for the first pay period were issued on the scheduled Friday (January 3).
- Independence Day: Falling on a Friday, the July 4 holiday sometimes caused paychecks to be processed earlier in the week.
- Thanksgiving and Christmas: Similar adjustments occurred, with payroll processed either a day early or late depending on USPS policies.

Pay Periods for Part-Time and Seasonal Employees

Part-time and seasonal postal workers often follow the same pay period schedule but may receive additional pay adjustments based on hours worked or seasonal employment agreements.

How to Access 2014 Pay Period Information

Employee Resources

- Payroll Schedule Documents: USPS provides annual payroll calendars to employees, detailing all pay periods and pay dates.
- Employee Portals: Many employees could access their pay stubs and schedule details through USPS employee portals or HR systems.
- Payroll Department: For specific inquiries, contacting USPS payroll departments directly offered clarification and official documentation.

For Applicants and New Employees

- Onboarding Materials: New hires received information about the pay schedule during orientation.
- Union Agreements: Union contracts often specify pay period details and pay date protocols.

Conclusion: The Significance of Understanding USPS Pay Periods in 2014

Understanding the pay periods for the post office in 2014 is vital for employees and stakeholders to ensure timely compensation and effective financial planning. The USPS's consistent bi-weekly pay schedule facilitated predictable income flow, while adjustments around holidays ensured compliance with federal standards. Whether you are a current employee reflecting on past pay schedules or an aspiring applicant planning your finances, knowing these details helps foster financial stability and job satisfaction.

Summary of Key Points:

- USPS operated on a bi-weekly pay schedule in 2014, with 26 pay periods.
- Pay periods generally spanned 14 days, with paychecks issued on Fridays.
- Holiday adjustments occasionally shifted pay dates.
- Employees could access detailed schedules via USPS payroll resources.
- Understanding pay periods aids in budgeting and financial planning.

If you are researching historical pay periods or managing payroll data for USPS employees from 2014, this guide provides a comprehensive overview to ensure clarity and accuracy in your understanding.

Pay periods for post office for 2014 are an essential aspect for employees, managers, and anyone involved in the logistics and administration of the United States Postal Service (USPS).

Understanding these pay periods helps ensure accurate payroll processing, timely payments, and compliance with USPS policies. For postal workers and administrative staff alike, having a clear grasp of the pay schedule for 2014 can prevent confusion, streamline operations, and improve overall workforce management.

In this guide, we will explore the details surrounding pay periods for the post office in 2014, including how they are structured, important dates to remember, and tips for managing payroll effectively during that year.

Understanding USPS Pay Periods: An Overview

The USPS employs a biweekly pay system, which means employees are paid every two weeks. This structure is common among federal agencies, providing a predictable and consistent framework for payroll processing.

Key points about USPS pay periods:

- Frequency: Biweekly (every two weeks)
- Number of pay periods in a year: 26 (sometimes 27, depending on the calendar)
- Pay period duration: 14 days
- Payday: Usually scheduled shortly after the end of each pay period

The USPS payroll calendar aligns closely with the federal government’s standards, but it also incorporates specific USPS policies. For 2014, understanding the exact start and end dates of each pay period is vital for accurate record-keeping.

The 2014 USPS Pay Period Calendar: Key Dates and Schedule

How the Pay Periods Are Structured in 2014

In 2014, the USPS's pay periods generally followed a consistent pattern, beginning on a Sunday and ending on a Saturday. The paydays were typically scheduled for the Friday following the end of each pay period, with some exceptions based on holidays or administrative adjustments.

Below is an outline of the USPS pay periods for 2014, including start dates, end dates, and paydays:

| Pay Period Number | Start Date | End Date | Payday |

|-----|-----|-----|-----|

| 1 | Dec 29, 2013 | Jan 11, 2014 | Jan 17, 2014 |

| 2 | Jan 12, 2014 | Jan 25, 2014 | Jan 31, 2014 |

| 3 | Jan 26, 2014 | Feb 8, 2014 | Feb 14, 2014 |

| 4 | Feb 9, 2014 | Feb 22, 2014 | Feb 28, 2014 |

| 5 | Feb 23, 2014 | Mar 8, 2014 | Mar 14, 2014 |

| 6 | Mar 9, 2014 | Mar 22, 2014 | Mar 28, 2014 |

| 7 | Mar 23, 2014 | Apr 5, 2014 | Apr 11, 2014 |

| 8 | Apr 6, 2014 | Apr 19, 2014 | Apr 25, 2014 |

| 9 | Apr 20, 2014 | May 3, 2014 | May 9, 2014 |

10	May 4, 2014	May 17, 2014	May 23, 2014
11	May 18, 2014	May 31, 2014	Jun 6, 2014
12	Jun 1, 2014	Jun 14, 2014	Jun 20, 2014
13	Jun 15, 2014	Jun 28, 2014	Jul 4, 2014
14	Jun 29, 2014	Jul 12, 2014	Jul 18, 2014
15	Jul 13, 2014	Jul 26, 2014	Aug 1, 2014
16	Jul 27, 2014	Aug 9, 2014	Aug 15, 2014
17	Aug 10, 2014	Aug 23, 2014	Aug 29, 2014
18	Aug 24, 2014	Sep 6, 2014	Sep 12, 2014
19	Sep 7, 2014	Sep 20, 2014	Sep 26, 2014
20	Sep 21, 2014	Oct 4, 2014	Oct 10, 2014
21	Oct 5, 2014	Oct 18, 2014	Oct 24, 2014
22	Oct 19, 2014	Nov 1, 2014	Nov 7, 2014
23	Nov 2, 2014	Nov 15, 2014	Nov 21, 2014
24	Nov 16, 2014	Nov 29, 2014	Dec 5, 2014
25	Nov 30, 2014	Dec 13, 2014	Dec 19, 2014
26	Dec 14, 2014	Dec 27, 2014	Jan 2, 2015

Note: The schedule may have slight variations due to federal holidays or administrative adjustments, but generally, the USPS follows this biweekly pattern.

Important Holidays and Their Impact on Pay Periods in 2014

Holidays can affect payroll processing, especially if a scheduled payday falls on a holiday or weekend. For 2014, key USPS holiday observances included:

- New Year's Day: January 1 (Wednesday)
- Martin Luther King Jr. Day: January 20 (Monday)
- Washington's Birthday (Presidents Day): February 17 (Monday)
- Memorial Day: May 26 (Monday)
- Independence Day: July 4 (Friday)
- Labor Day: September 1 (Monday)
- Columbus Day: October 13 (Monday)
- Veterans Day: November 11 (Tuesday)
- Thanksgiving Day: November 27 (Thursday)
- Christmas Day: December 25 (Thursday)

Implications for payroll:

- If a pay period ends just before a holiday, the payday may be scheduled earlier to ensure employees are paid on time.
- In some cases, USPS may observe federal holidays by adjusting pay dates or processing payroll in advance.

Managing Payroll During 2014: Tips and Best Practices

For postal employees and administrators, understanding the pay period schedule is crucial for various reasons?budget planning, record keeping, and ensuring timely payments.

Tips for managing pay periods effectively:

- Mark key dates on calendars: Highlight paydays, holidays, and pay period start/end dates.
- Cross-check payroll submissions: Ensure timesheets and payroll data are submitted and verified before the pay period closes.
- Account for holidays: Be aware of any adjustments due to holidays to prevent delays.
- Maintain accurate records: Keep track of hours worked, leave days, and overtime within each pay period.
- Communicate proactively: Notify employees of any changes or adjustments in pay schedules well in advance.

Variations and Special Cases

While the standard pay schedule in 2014 was biweekly, certain circumstances could lead to deviations:

- Retirement or resignation: Final pay may be processed outside the regular schedule.
- Administrative delays: Rare delays in payroll processing could shift pay dates.
- Shift differentials or special pay: Some employees may have additional compensation that needs to be accounted for within specific pay periods.

In such cases, USPS employees and managers should consult internal payroll notices or contact HR for clarification.

Summary: Key Takeaways for 2014 Pay Periods at the Post Office

- USPS operates on a biweekly pay cycle, resulting in 26 pay periods in 2014.
- Each pay period spans 14 days, typically starting on a Sunday and ending on a Saturday.
- Paydays are generally scheduled for the Friday following each pay period's end.
- Holidays can influence pay dates, with adjustments made to ensure timely employee compensation.
- Maintaining awareness of the schedule helps streamline payroll processing and avoid errors.

By familiarizing yourself with the specifics of the 2014 USPS pay periods, postal employees and administrators could ensure smooth payroll operations throughout the year, fostering a well-managed and motivated workforce.

Final Note

While this guide provides a comprehensive overview of pay periods for post office for 2014, always consult official USPS payroll calendars or HR resources for the most accurate and detailed information, especially if handling specific payroll issues or exceptions. Understanding the schedule not only aids in personal planning but also enhances overall operational efficiency within the postal service.

Question What were the common pay periods for post office employees in 2014? In 2014, post office employees typically received their paychecks biweekly, meaning every two weeks, aligning with standard federal payroll schedules. Did the USPS follow a standard pay schedule in 2014? Yes, the United States Postal Service generally followed a biweekly pay schedule in 2014, with employees paid every other Friday. Were there any changes to post office pay periods in 2014 compared to previous years? There were no significant changes to the pay periods for post office employees in 2014; the biweekly schedule remained consistent with prior years. How did postal workers in 2014 receive their pay stubs? Postal workers in 2014 typically received their pay stubs electronically via employee portals or in paper form during paydays. What dates marked the pay periods for the USPS in 2014? While specific dates varied, the pay periods in 2014 generally started on Sundays and ended on Saturdays, with paychecks issued the following Friday. Were there any

special pay periods or bonuses for post office workers in 2014? There were no standard special pay periods or bonuses for postal workers in 2014; pay was based on regular biweekly schedules and standard pay rates. How did federal holidays in 2014 affect post office pay periods? Federal holidays in 2014 did not alter the pay periods, but mail delivery and post office operations were affected; pay periods remained scheduled as usual. Did the pay periods for post office employees in 2014 align with those of other federal agencies? Yes, USPS pay periods in 2014 generally aligned with federal government pay schedules, typically on a biweekly basis. Were there any delays or adjustments in post office pay periods due to operational issues in 2014? There were no widespread reports of delays or adjustments to pay periods for post office employees in 2014; pay was typically timely. How did post office pay periods impact employee scheduling in 2014? The regular biweekly pay periods helped postal employees plan their finances and work schedules consistently throughout 2014.

Related keywords: post office pay schedule, 2014 postal pay periods, USPS pay calendar 2014, postal employee pay dates 2014, 2014 USPS pay schedule, postal worker pay periods 2014, 2014 post office payroll, USPS pay periods calendar, 2014 postal service pay dates, post office pay cycle 2014

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